The Pittsburgh Gazette.

" PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 34. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1819. New Series, No. 73

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, on Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets.

Cash for ASHES.

WE will give the highest price, in cash, for good, clean

Wood Ashes.

We will will also purchase on fair terms,

Pot Ash & Black Salts.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

Pittsburgh, January 19.

WANTED,

Two Apprentices to the Tin-

ning business—from the age of 10 to 14 would be preferred. None need apply except those of steady habits. Apply to

LEWIS PETERSON.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1819. tf

Take Notice.

THE subscriber has some intention of declining business for a short time, in order to collect his outstanding debts. He therefore calls upon all those indebted to him to come forward before the first of February next, and make settlement—after that time he will place their accounts in the hands of an Alderman for collection.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, January 19.

N. B. To rent a good STORE ROOM and Cellar, on Wood, between Front and Water streets.

S. S.

To Let,

A BRICK HOUSE with a back building, in complete repair—situate in Diamond Alley, being an excellent stand for a store.—Possession given the first day of April next.

RACHEL WATSON.

Pittsburgh, January 19.

Cromwell, Dobbin and Peebles,

AT THE POINT,

Have for Sale, a few of

Dearborn's Patent Balances,

Millington Crowley Steel, and a quantity of Spanish Soal Leather.

Pittsburgh, January 15, 1819. 3t

Washington & Pittsburgh Turnpike Road.

PROPOSALS will be received by any one of the Managers of the Washington and Pittsburgh Turnpike Road Company, until Tuesday the 16th of February next, for making about seven miles of the road, or sections of it, beginning at the west end of the Monongahela Bridge, and proceeding on to Cowan's Bridge over Chartiers.

Stockholders in the above mentioned Company are hereby required to pay Five Dollars on each share of stock by them held, on the 16th day of February next, it being the second instalment. Members of the Company living in Washington county will pay their instalment to Mr. *George Baird*, Treasurer, in Washingtan: those in Allegheny county will pay to Col. *John Rose*, who is appointed Treasurer for the Company in said county.

Anabstract of the law authorising the Company, &c.

" Sec. 7th. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Stockholder, whether original subscriber or assignee, after thirty days notice, in one of the public newspapers printed in the city of Pittsburgh and borough of Washington, respectively, of the time and place appointed for the payment of any portion or instalment of said caiptal stock, in order to carry on the work, shall neglect to pay such proportion, at the place appointed, for the space of sixty days after the time appointed for the payment thereof, every such Stockholder shall, in addition to the instalment so called for, pay at the rate of five per centum per month, for every delay of such payment," &c.

By order of the Board,

S. MURDOCH, Sec. B. T.

Washington, 9th January, 1819.

WILLIAM KEPNER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has taken into partnership WILLIAM M'KNIGHT. The business in future, will be transacted under the firm of

KEPNER & M'KNIGHT,

Who have now on hand, and intend keeping a their

Copper & Tin Warehouse,

Corner of Market and Front streets,

STILLS,

Tin Ware,

FULLERS KETTLES, | WASH KETTLES
HATTERS DITTO, | BRASS DITTO.

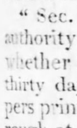
JAPANNED WARE.

Which they will dispose of on reasonable Terms for Cash, or approved paper.

☞Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to, and put up on short notice.

Pittsburgh, January 1819 1,.——tf

To Let,



AND possession given the first of April next, a BRICK HOUSE and kitchen on Water street—Also a back building, and a large SHOP, calculated for mechanics, near Mr. Anthony Beelen's The Brick house is now occupied by Messrs. Joseph and James M'Claskey, as a tavern. The premises will be let together or separate. Enquire of

JOHN MILLER.

Pittsburgh January 8,1819.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT excellent FARM situate in the Forks of Yough, the property of CHARLES HARRAH, deceased—containing 236 acres and allowance. This valuable property lays within 16 miles of the city of Pittsburgh, 15 from Greensburgh, 9 from Williamsport, one mile from the Yough river, 4 from Elizabethown on the Monongahela river, within from one to three miles of three merchant mills on the Yough river, and three houses of public worship, the farthest of which is not more than four miles. The land is of the first quality—about 130 acres cleared, 15 of which is excellent meadow; one two story square log dwelling house, 30 feet square, with a kitchen; one other dwelling house, two stories high, 18 by 20 feet, well finished, with good cellars under both houses—an excellent spring house, with a never failing spring of water running through it; one barn 75 by 40 feet, few in the Forks superior—an orchard of about 200 trees, a number of the best grafts. Any person wishing to purchase will doubtless view the property, which will be shewn them by

The above property will be exposed to public sale the 25th day of February, on the premises. If sold, possession will be given the first of April.

SAMUEL HARRAH, } Ex'rs.
WM. LOUGHEAD. }

December 22, 1818.

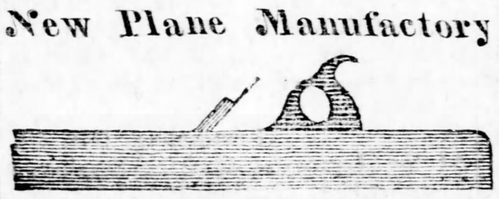
Apprentices Wanted

TWO or THREE BOYS, between 13 and 16 years of age, whose parental education has been strict and moral, will be taken as an apprentices to the BOOK BINDING business, by

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

Pittsburgh, January 9.

New Plane Manufactory



SWETMAN, HUGHES & CO

Wood street, between Diamond Alley & Fourth street.

BEG leave to inform MERCHANT'S MECHANIC'S and others, that they have made extensive arrangements, by which they will be enabled to prosecute the above busines to advantage; and having wrought in the first manufactories of the union, and within the last year or two executed all the work for Mr. Wm. Scott of this city, they will be able to execute any orders they may be favored with on more moderate terms and equal if not superior to any establishment of the kind in the Western country.

Liberal discounts made for prompt payment or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1818.——

FRESH GOODS.

M. S. MASON,

HAS just received at his Wholesale Warehouse, in Wood street

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS;

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE, middling & coarse CLOTHS,
Coatings, Fearnoughts, Cassimeres, Pelisse Cloths,
Flannels, rose and point Blankets,
Bombazetts, Velveteens and Cords,
Irish Linens, patent steam loom Shirtings,
Ginghams, Prints and Furniture,
Madrass Handkerchiefs,
9-8 and 6-4 cambric Muslins, Lenos
Damask Table Cloths,
Men's and women's worsted Hosiery,
Kersy Shawls and Scarfs,
Black silk, Canton and flag Handkerchief.
Cashmere, merino and imitation Shawls,
Sarsanetts, &c.

TOGETHER WITH A VARIETY OF

Domestic Goods,

SUCH AS

Plaids, Stripes, Checks,
Chambrays, Shirtings.

Which are offered for sale low, by the package or piece on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, September 15, 1818.

Corn & Rye.

SIXTY TWO CENTS—CASH,

Given for merchantable

CORN & RYE

At the Pittsburgh Steam-mill.

January 19.

Notice.

IT being necessary, in consequence of the decease of our partner Mr *Lewis Bollman*, to have a general adjustment of accounts; we hereby notify all persons indebted to us for a term exceeding six months, that unless setlement be made on or before the 10th day of February next their accounts will be placed in the hands o proper officers for collection.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, January 12.

FOR SALE,

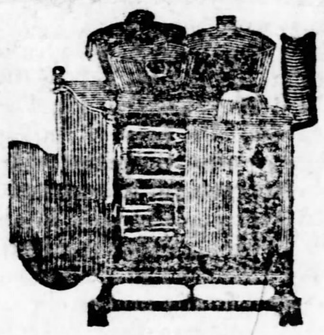
That Valuable City Pro-

perty in Fourth, between Market and Wood Streets, fronting on Fourth Street 40 feet, and extending back 80 feet, on which is a two story Brick House, 20 feet front, with an extensive back building, finished in the best manner, at present occupied by Doctor O'Donoughue—Also, a convenient Frame Building in the occupancy of Mr. Samuel Cooper; the whole subject to a yearly ground rent of 80 dollars. This property is in one of the most eligible situations for business in the City. For terms, which will be low and accommodating, apply to

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, August 21, 1818. tf

Charles Postly's



PATENT COOKING STOVE.

H. MILLER having purchased of C. Postly of New York, the Patent Right of a Domestic Cooking & Parlour STOVE, has the pleasure of offering to the public for their patronage, the above stove, which for convenience, saving of labour and fuel, far surpasses any heretofore invented. It is a well known fact, that all those in use, are only calculated for the kitchen, for baking or retaining warmth in the room. The stove here offered to the public, is not only calculated for the kitchen for the purposes of extensive cooking, but is a handsome piece of furniture, for the sitting room when not wanted for the above purposes, and when cooking is done, by removing the boilers &c. can have a pleasant fire to sit by. In large cities, as well as in the country, many persons of comfortable circumstances prefer doing the cooking for the family in the same room they reside in for the winter season, as it supercedes the necessity of an extra fire. To such, this possesses every advantage, being an open and close stove combined, in which may be burned coal or wood, and can be placed in any part of the house where fire is wanted. The above stove has ovens for baking, and other conveniences for roasting or boiling, it also possesses the utility of boiling water in a wooden vessel, on the outside, for washing and other purposes. There are steamers attached to the boilers for cooking vegetables by the steam arising from the water while the meat is boiling.

The above stoves have been in operation in New-York for three years past, and their utility being so well known, they met with great approbation. The fixtures to some amount to eleven, seven of which may be in use at one and the same time, the largest size is calculated to cook a dinner for seventy or eighty persons.

Likewise Cast and sheet-iron Stoves, suitable for offices, stores, or bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

A constant supply of the above stoves will be kept furnished in the most complete manner,

AT THE

MANUFACTORY,

Corner of Second and Wood streets, Pittsburgh

and by my Agents at different places, for the convenience of persons residing at a distance, viz. OHIO—Mr. Appleton Downer, Zanesville, John M'Coy, Chilicothe, and Capt. Francis Carr, Cincinnati; KENTUCKY—Mr. George Lucky, Limestone, James M'Crum, Louisville, Luther Stephens, Lexington.

Pittsburgh, December 8, 1818. ——3mo

N. B. Stove-pipes, Sheet Iron, and Tinware, wholesale and retail.

Also, Copper, sheet iron and Tin ware made o order.

Dupont's Brandywine POWDER.

JUST RECEIVED, 230 KEGS CONSISTING OF

OP, F Fg, F Fr, FFr FFF g,

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POWDER

For Sale, on low terms by

BOSLER, & CO.

November 18, 1818. tf.

When I relinquished the publi-

cation of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, on the 1st of August, 1816, a considerable sum was due for subscription, advertisements, &c. Since that time I have sedulously endeavoured to collect the debts, without having recourse to law, but my indulgence has been treated with neglect.—I now give notice, that in one month from this date, I will take the most summary way to collect all debts due to me.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 10, 1818.

N. B. I expect those persons whose due-bill I hold will pay attention to this notice.

Miss Moody,

RECENTLY from Europe, begs leave to inform her friends, and the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that she continues to instruct YOUNG LADIES, in French, English grammar, composition, geography, arithmetic, tambour, plain and ornamental needle work; and hopes from her experience, and from having been an assistant in some of the first schools in England & Ireland, to merit a share of public patronage & favor. Cards of terms may be had at her school, or at Moody's Academy, Fourth st.

Pittsburgh, 15.

Take Notice.

ALL persons who have left SADDLES and BRIDLES with the subscriber to be repaired, are hereby notified, that unless they are taken away before the 20th of February next they will then be sold for the expence of repairing.

A FEW

Building Lots,

in a healthy situation, may be had on perpetual lease, by applying soon, to

PETER KINTNER.

Pittsburgh, January 19.

Notice.

THOSE indebted to the subscriber, will please to call and pay their respective accounts, before the 26th inst. as no longer indulgence can be given.

CHRISTOPHER STEEL.

Pitisburgh, January 1.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

At their Warehouse in Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,

PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong } TEAS *of first quality*
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,
Common ditto,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Muscovado ditto,
Spanish Cigars,
Common ditto,
Rice, Copperas,
English Refined Saltpetre,
Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs,
Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Pepper, Mustard,
Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon } WINES, *of a superior quality.*
4th Proof Cognac Brandy,
ditto, Jamaica Spirits,
Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Whiskey,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. mo2

BUTLER & LAMBDIN,

Continue their

Book and Job PRINTING OFFICE,

Where will be printed with the utmost despatch *BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.*

Mercantile Blanks;

SUCH AS

Cheeks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.

Law Blanks.

Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases Declarations, Protests, &c.

Magistrates' & Aldermans' Blanks.

summons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Refference &c. for the city and counties.

HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS,

Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

Monongahela Bridge.

NOTICE is hereby given that the gates of this bridge will be opened on Saturday the 26th inst. for foot passengers, horsemen, carriages, empty waggons of any size, and loaded light waggons; and the following are the rates of toll viz—

RATE OF TOLL.

	Dols.	Cts.
EVERY foot passenger,		2
Every carriage of whatever description, used for the purpose of trade, or agriculture, having 4 wheels and drawn by 6 horses,		62½
Every such carriage drawn by 5 horses		50
Every such carriage 4 horses		37½
Every such carriage 3 horses		31
Every such carriage 2 horses		25
Every such carriage 1 horse		20
Every carriage used for the purpose of accommodation or pleasure, having 4 wheels and drawn by 4 horses,		62½
Every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,		50
Every such carriage 1 horse,		31
Every carriage of whatever description used for the purpose of trade, or agriculture, having 2 wheels and drawn by 4 horses		37½
Every such carriage drawn by 3 horses		31
Every such carriage 2 horses		25
Every such carriage 1 horse		18
Every chair, or other two wheeled carriage of pleasure, for every horse used therein		18
Every sleigh or sled drawn by 4 horses		25
Every sleigh or sled 3 horses		20
Every sleigh or sled 2 horses		18
Every sleigh or sled 1 horse		12½
Every horse, mare or gelding with rider		6
Every horse, mare or gelding without a rider		6
Every carriage drawn by oxen or partly by oxen and partly by horses, to be rated in proportion of two oxen for one horse, and in all cases a mule shall be rated the same as a horse		
Every head of horned or muley cattle		3
Every head of sheep or swine		2

JOHN THAW, *Treasurer.*

Pittsburgh, Nov. 26, 1818.——tIstA.

A Most Valuable Estate.

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at law

New Goods.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by A. WAY & Co. a large assortment of

CHEAP GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.

EXTRA Super Blue and Black broad cloaths,
Superfine and Common cloaths assorted colours,
Super. Dbl. Milled Cassimeres—Blue, Black, Coburg and mixed,
Fashionable Pelisse and Habit cloaths,
Drab, Bedford and Olive velvet cords,
Red, White and Yellow Flannels,
Rose and Point Blankets,
Double and single Gurnsey Frocks,
Black & Lead coloured Worsted Hose,
Lambs wool and worsted half do.
Bombazetts assorted colours,
Dark superfine and common Calicoes,
1 case 6-4 Cambrick muslins,
Steam Loom Shirtings,
Sewing Silks, assorted,
Tickings & 6-4 Checks,
Domestic Plaids and Chambrys,
Cotton Yarn assort. No.
Shell and Horn Combs,
4-4 Irish Linens,
1 case Pins, No. 3½ 4-4½ and 5,
Best Ingrain Carpeting and Hearth Rugs,
5-4 Irish and Russia Sheeting,
8-4 & 10-4 Table Linen,
2 Bales India Muslins,
Flag, Bandanoe and Black Silk Handk'fs,
Merino and Waterloo Shawls,
Kon-Kane Crapes for Dresses,
Senshaws Levantine and Florence Silks,
Popline and Bombazene
Cut and Plush silk velvets assorted colours,
Superfine Black Silk netting,
Toilenet and swansdown vesting,
Silk Umbrellas,
Hair Plush for Sadliers,
Embroidering Chenelles assorted,
Merino Socks, Black Sattin
Slates & Pencils.

ALSO,

Hardware and Cutlery;

Elegant *Fashionable* Waiters.

Queensware in Crates Assorted;
Tanners and Flaxseed Oil, by the Barrel;
Window Glass, Country Sugar;
Tobacco, Shot and Lead;
Imperial and Young Hyson Tea.

FOR SALE AS ABOVE, A FEW TONS OF

Sheet and Boiler Iron,

of Superior Quality.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 22, 1818.—law3m.

ORMSBY AND BOANE,

HAVE FOR SALE

100 bls. Prime N. O. Sugar,
150 kegs Tobacco,
2 bales Prime Cotton;

JUNIATA IRON,

PLOUGH PLATES.

A handsome assortment of Fresh Castings, &c.

June 12, 1818.

John H. Crane,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

LOUISVILLE, (Kentucky.)

WILL attend to business in his profession, in the County of Jefferson, and in the United States Circuit Court at Frankfort.

References. HENRY BALDWIN, Esq. } *Pittsburgh*
WM. ROBINSON, Jr. }

August 4, 1818. 6m

JOHN RENO,

Front, between Market and Wood Steeets, has on hand and for sale, a general assortment of

GROCERIES, &c.

OLD MADEIRA, Sicily, Teneriffe, Lisbon, } Wines.
Cogniac Brandy,
Jamaica Spirits,
Old Whiskey,
Country Gin,
Best green coffee in bags and barrels,
Young hyson Tea,
Loaf, Lump, New-Orleans, } Sugars.
Pepper, Alspice,
Ginger, Cloves,
Nutmegs, Mace,
Cinnamon,
Mustard, Starch,
Indigo, Madder,
Copperas, Allum,
Rosin, Chalk,
Raisins in boxes,
Soft shelled Almonds,
Shaving Soap,
Best Spanish and Country Segars,
Sup. Royal, No. 4.
Royal, 5.
Cap, 2 & 3, } Paper.
Post,
Large and small wrapping,
8 by 10, and 10 by 12,
Window Glass,
White Lead,

Kentucky Tobacco,

Dupont's best Brandywine POWDER

All of which are offered on liberal terms.

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1818. 3t

$90 Reward

DESERTED on December, 23, VACHEL STEVENS, and on the 31st ARCHIBALD CRAWFORD and SAMUEL ENTRICKEN, enlisted soldiers in the 3d battalion corps of Artillery.

Vachel Stevens was born in Pennsylvania, is 23 years of age, 6 feet 2 inches high, dark complexion, dark eyes, dark hair and by profession a farmer—the said Stevens is supposed to be in or near Washington, Penn.

Archibald Crawford was born in Pennsylvania 33 years of age, 5 feet 11¼ inches high, dark complexion, blue eyes, dark hair, and by profession a blacksmith.

Samuel Entriken was born in Pennsylvania, 33 years of age 5 feet 7 inches high, dark complexion, blue eyes, dark hair and by profession a blacksmith—the said Entreken is supposed to have gone to the town of Chester, Penn.

The above reward or 30 dollars for each, and all reasonable charges will be given to any person who will apprehend the said deserters and deliver them to me, or any other officer in the United States army, or confine them in any jail and give notice thereof to me or any officer of the U. S. army.

HUGH K. MEADE, Lieut,
corps Artillery, commanding

U. S. Arsenal, January 5, 1819.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1819.

We observe in a late Mercury an article relative to the famous Pipsisseva, which induces us to be very anxious to have this subject more strictly investigated. From the imposing manner in which the virtues of this plant have latterly been detailed to the world, and from a fact related to us of its power by a gentleman and friend of ours, who is certainly one of the last persons in the world to give faith to Indian cures and quack nostrums, we have great hopes that its use will prove a real benefit to mankind.

There is, however, an evident confusion and mistake with regard to this plant. The Pipsisseva though belonging to the same genus as the "Mountain Tea," is yet widely different from it, though the confounding of them has become the common error of the western druggists. We found the other day at Doctor Fairchild's in Cincinnati, the oil of "Mountain Tea" selling currently for extract of Pipsisseva. As it appears from the article in the Pittsburgh Mercury, 'that the Mountain Tea' may possess the qualities of the other branch of its family, it becomes a matter worthy of examination among us, as the former is very common in the western country, and as yet we have not been able to procure a sample of the real Pipsisseva.

It will be recollected, that the first intimation which appeared of the efficacy of this plant, was given by General Varnum of Massachusetts, in describing a cure effected by it, of a cancerous affection on the ancle of Mrs. Varnum. As we felt extremely interested at that period, in every thing that related to a remedy for that horrible and loathsome scourge of the human race, and as there was considerable confusion in the General's botanical description of it, we took the liberty of addressing a letter to him on the subject about a year ago. He had the goodness to reply to us immediately, and enclosed a sample of the plant, which removed all doubt on the question. His letter is as follows:

DRACUT, Dec. 6, 1817.

Dear Sir,

I have received your letter of the 23d of October last. Pyrola is an evergreen, and consists of six different species; the plant you have described in the last paragraph of your letter, is one of the species; another of the species is very poisonous to sheep.

That which has proved efficacious in my family, is described in "Perconson's Botanical History," as the first species of Pyrola. I enclose you several of the entire plants, of that species which we have made use of, so that no mistake may occur in finding it. My ardent wish, dear sir, is, that the same efficacious effects which we have experienced, may be the result of the application to your friend and to all such as may use it.

I am, dear sir, &c. &c.

J. B. VARNUM.

Mr. M. Neville.

The specimen inclosed by Gen. Varnum resembles very much a small laurel, that is very common in this country; it grows much higher than the "Mountain Tea;" the leaves are narrower and much longer; the edges of them are also armed with a few sharp pointed teeth or elongations of the fibres.

Pyrola is thus botanically described. Pyrola, winter green; a genus of the Decandria Monogynia class and order. Natural order of Bicornes. Essential character; Calyx five-parted; petals five; capsule superior, five celled, opening at the corners, many seeded; authers with two pores. There are six species natives of the north of England.

We have been thus particular, as we consider a newspaper the proper vehicle for the dissemination of useful discoveries of every kind, but more particularly of those affecting the health and preservation of the human family; and if there be no delusion with regard to the properties of the Pyrola, we conceive it one of the happiest discoveries of the present age. The specimen of Pyrola sent by General Varnum may be seen at this office.

General Blucher.—It appears from the recently published Journal of Mr. James, that, long before the battle of Waterloo, there was the bitterest personal animosity subsisting between Bonaparte and Blucher. Mr. James was at Berlin just at the time that the king of Prussia threw off the French yoke, and openly acceded to the coalition against France: he there saw the veteran general whom he notices and describes in the following manner:

Con. Cour.

"The gallant Blucher was the idol of the whole army, and now the more held up to their notice, as having been the constant mark of the persecuting spirit of Bonaparte: he was ever adverse to the insidious schemes of France in peace as in war, and having refused to accept a command in one of his expeditions, the ignoble upstart had the meanness to demand that Blucher should be dismissed from the post with which the king had rewarded his long fidelity. The affection borne him by the soldiery was eminently conspicuous in the late affair, the same rains that swelled the stream of the Katsbach had rendered the road almost impassible, and some battalions, exhausted by the fatigue of their long marches, halted, declaring themselves unable to proceed farther. Blucher rode up to address them "Are you wearied, my children? (said he) Are you drenched with rain? Are you pressed by hunger? And am not I, in my old age, subjected to all these sufferings alike with every man amongst you? But the enemies of our king are in the land, and I have sworn to take no rest—follow me." They instantly rose as if his words had wrought a miracle upon their jaded bodies; they continued their march without a murmur, nor rested till they reposed on the field of victory."

It appears by a statement in the Boston papers, that no less than *fifty* vessels cleared from that port, during the year 1818, for ports beyond the Cape of Good Hope. *Hinc illæ lachrymæ!* Thus have the vaults of our Banks been cleared.—We should like to see an accurate estimate of the amount of specie shipped, within the last twelve months, from the ports of Boston and Salem.—*Nat. Intel.*

We copied from a Baltimore paper the other day a statement respecting the apprehension and commitment of two negro men for embezzling money from a mail bag. Some of the circumstances having been indistinctly stated, we have made some enquiry into the facts, and find them to be as follows. On Christmas day, between Bladensburg and this place, the small mail bag, used to contain packets for the intermediate post offices betwixt Baltimore and Washington (but in town) was lost from the stage, without the driver's perceiving it. Mr. Davis, the worthy contractor, of this city, on learning from Baltimore, that this bag contained, contrary to his expectation, certain remittances of Bank notes to Georgetown, proceeded to Bladensburg, and, after considerable search and enquiry, found that a free colored man, by the name of Leonard Hopp, had passed at more than one store certain notes of a Virginia bank.—It being known that there was a quantity of Virginia paper in the mail bag that was lost, Len was immediately apprehended, and his trunk at his wife's residence being searched, notwithstanding his sturdy denial of all knowledge of the bag or its contents, there were found in a handkerchief about two thousand and fifty dollars in bank notes. On this detection, Len confessed that his brother Peter, a slave belonging to Dr. Thornton, living at Washington, had found the bag on the road and brought it to him, and that they had jointly cut it open and divided the money. Peter was then apprehended, and questioned, but persisting in denying any knowledge of the affair, his lodgings, however, were searched, and among a parcel of rags was found a bundle of bank notes amounting to something more than 300 dollars. The two negroes were then committed to Baltimore jail, to take their trial at the next session of the Federal court, for embezzlement of money from the mail. The amount of money not finally recovered, it appears, was $342; which Mr. Davis, as the mail was lost from under the charge of a person in his employ, has promptly paid over to the General Post Office.—*Ib.*

NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 12.

Since my last there has been no perceptible rise in the Mississippi, and business continues completely at a stand. Money cannot be had at a less rate than two and a half per cent. a month, for the best paper in our place. Cotton continues to arrive in small parcels, but, as it is a cash article, few sales are effected The last sale was at 26½ cents, half cash and the remainder sixty days. Bills on New-York 7 and 10 per cent. discount.

A letter of the 16th, per the Emelie, says, "Cotton continues to decline—first quality 25 cts. Only between 4 and 5000 bales yet come down; the water still low."—*Mer. Adt.*

BALTIMORE, Jan. 14.

On motion of Mr. Eichelberger, of the first Branch of the City Council of Baltimore, on Tuesday, a resolution passed both branches, authorizing "the Mayor and the Presidents of the said Branches, to employ Mr. Rembrandt Peale to execute, from the best likeness that can be obtained, a portrait of our late gallant and distinguished fellow citizen, Commodore *Joshua Barney*, to be placed in the chamber of the First Branch, a testimony of respect for his memory, and gratitude for his patriotic services."

BOSTON, Jan. 11.

The surplus revenue in the Treasury of Virginia, is stated at 90,000. The Treasurer recommends that there should be no reduction of taxes, but that the surplus should be appropriated to redeem the state debt.

New-York.—Dr. Seybert's American Statistics have, at length, been issued from the Philadelphia press, in the form of a quarto volume, printed in a superi- manner.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

From the New-York Commercial Adverser of Jan. 15.

By the arrival this morning of the elegant line packet ship Amity, captain Maxwell, in 45 days from Liverpool, we have received from our London and Liverpool Correspondents, London papers to the 29th of November, Lloyd's Lists to the 27th, the General shipping and Commercial List, to the 28th, and Liverpool dates to the 1st of December, all inclusive.

LONDON, Nov, 29.

Late Acts of the Congress of Sovereigns.

The deliberations of the Congress at Aix-la-Chapelle have terminated; and we now present the grand official result—the last protocol & declarations of the Allied Sovereigns or their Ministers, towards which all their consultations tended, and with the signature of which their assembly is finally broken up, and its illustrious members dispersed. These documents are interesting in point of form, as they exhibit the completion of the work which has long attracted so much attention; but otherwise their contents are modestly expressed. With the partial good which is likely to flow from the conferences at Aix-la-Chapelle, there is certainly as little general evil united as ever did result, or ever can result, from the meetings of persons who possess, we may say conjointly, Millions of men at their command. Of the four documents published by congress, the first is an acknowledgement of the four Allied Powers of the tranquil state of France, of her fulfilment of all her existing engagements, of the adequacy of the pledges which she offers for their completion, and a consequent acknowledgement of the propriety of withdrawing the army of occupation. —The King of France is then invited to make one of the congress.—This invitation is in the second document accepted, in his sovereign's name, by his minister, the duke of Richelieu, whose signature is, of course, affixed to the two ensuing acts, which have relation to the general interest of Europe. The sovereigns in the protocal & declaration, both dated Nov. 15, hint at the probability of future conferences for the good of Europe; but declare in all their dealings with each other, and in their decisions on the appeals of those powers, which take no part in the quintuble alliance, they will be governed only by the laws of nations.

Declaration of the Allied Sovereigns

"Now that the pacification of Europe is accomplished, by the resolution of withdrawing the foreign troops from the French territory; and now that there is an end of those measures of precaution which deplorable events rendered necessary, the ministers and plenipotentiaries of their Majesties the Emperor of Austria, the King of France, the King of Great Britain, the King of Prussia, and the Emperor of all the Russians, having received orders from their Sovereigns, to make known to all the Courts of Europe the results of their meeting at Aix-la-Chapelle, and with that view to publish the following declaration: The convention of the 9th of October, which definitively regulated the execution of the engagements agreed to in the treaty of peace of November 20, 1815, is considered by the Sovereigns who concurred therein, as the accomplishment of the work of peace, and as the completion of the political system destined to insure its solidity. The intimate union established among the Monarchs, who are joint parties to this system, by the interests of their people, offers to Europe the most sacred pledge of its future tranquility. The object of this union is as simple as it is great and salutary. It does not tend to any new political combination—to any change in the relations sanctioned by existing treaties. Calm and consistent in its proceedings, it has no other object than the maintenance of peace, and the security of those transactions on which the peace was founded and consolidated.

"The Sovereigns, in forming this august union, have regarded as its fundamental basis, their invariable resolution never to depart, either among themselves, or in their relations with other States, from the strictest observation of the principles of the right of nations; permanent peace, can alone effectually guarantee the independence of each government & the stability of the general association. Faithful to these principles, the Sovereigns will maintain them equally in those meetings at which they may be personally present, or in those which shall take place among their ministers; whether it shall be their object to discuss in common their own interests, or whether they shall take cognizance of questions in which other governments shall formally claim their interference.

"The same spirit which will direct their councils, and reign in their diplomatic communications, shall preside also at these meetings; and the repose of the world shall be constantly their motive and their end. It is with such sentiments that the Sovereigns have consummated the work to which they were called.—They will not cease to labor for its confirmation and perfection. They solemnly acknowledge, that their duties towards God, and the people whom they govern, make it peremptory on them to give to the world, as far as in their power, an example of justice, of concord, of moderation; happy in the power of consecrating, from henceforth, all their efforts to the protection of the arts of peace, to the increase of the internal prosperity of their States, and to the awakening of those sentiments of religion and morality, whose empire has been but too much enfeebled by the misfortune of the times.

"Aix la Chapelle, Nov. 15, 1818.

(Signed)

"METTERNICH,
RICHELIEU,
CASTLEREAGH,
WELLINGTON,
HARDENBURG,
BERNSTORF,
NESSELRODE,
CAPO D'ISTRIA."

PARIS, Nov. 12.

The Minister of the Interior has given orders for always procuring naturalists, if practicable, to go on board *all ships* sailing from our ports. These naturalists will carry the plants of France to our Colonies, and bring back foreign seeds and plants for our botanic gardens and royal nurseries, &c.

VIENNA, Nov. 1.

Letters received yesterday from Bucharest, in Wallachia, announce that the reigning Prince of that country, Prince Jean Karatza, had secretly taken his departure with all his family and his whole Court, and fled to the Austrian territory. This Prince had accumulated, within a short time, an immense fortune. He had become so powerful with the Porte, that he had exiled several Boyars of the first class, who had opposed his ambitious projects. It appears to be certain that the Grand Seignior intended to destroy him, in order to seize his treasure; but he had time to imitate his predecessor, Prince Ypsilanti. Immediately after the flight of Prince Karatza, a Provisional Government was established. It is feared that this event will occasion disturbances.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 30.

At the Lancaster Quarter Session, on Tuesday last, Thomas Potter was found guilty of unlawfully having in his possession certain Machinery, used in the cotton manufactories in this kingdom, with intent to export the same to America The sentence of the court was, the goods to be forfeited, and Potter to be imprisoned for twelve months in Lancaster Castle, fined 200*l.* and to be further imprisoned until the fine be paid.

James Riddle and Co.

Market, between Third and Fourth streets

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

and offer for Sale, a large supply of the following articles, viz.

283 Boxes Tin Plate,

BEST QUALITY,

Braziers copper, assorted,
Sheathing ditto, from 18 to 28 oz.
Still cocks assorted, different sizes,
Iron wire, No. 0 to 18.
Block tin,
Bright and black vices,
Mouse-hole anvils, warranted genuine,
American sheet-iron,
4d. cut nails,
Bolt iron ¾ in ½ 7-16 ¼.
American and English blistered steel,
English shear and German, ditto.
Shovels and spades, Eng.
Socket shovels.

ALSO,

TWENTY TONS PATENT ROLLED

American Boiler Iron,

in plates from 24 to 30 inches by 6 to 8 feet, this boiler iron, for high pressure engines or any severe work has been found superior to any in use in the United States.

All the above articles, they will sell on the most accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 22.—2mo.2aw.

HORSE FEED,

FOR SALE at the Pittsburgh Steam-mill, by the quantity,

1000 bushels Bran,

at 10 Cents.

900 bushels Shorts,

at 18 Cents

Pittsburgh, January 19.

A Teacher Wanted.

THE Proprietors of the HARMONY INSTITUTE for the Education of Young Ladies, wish to engage as a Teacher, a Clergyman [having a small family] of liberal character, who has received a classical education. To such person a handsome salary will be given. Apply to

C. CIST, Harmony.
D. BELTZHOOVER, } Pittsburgh.
T. CROMWELL. }

JUST RECEIVED,

WHICH will be sold low for cash or or notes at 60 days, a quantity of

Racoon, Beaver and Otter kins.

We will also pay CASH on the 1st December for

500 bbls. Superfine Flour,

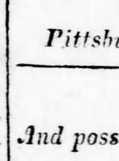
at $4 75 per Barrel.

IRWIN & H. WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, Sept 22, 1818. tf

To Let,

And possession given the first of April next,



FOUR GOOD STANDS for business on Market, between Third and Fourth streets.

Apply to A. BEELEN.

Pittsburgh, January 12.

Pittsburgh Prices Current

corrected weekly for the Gazette,

ARTICLES	*From*	D	C. to	D.
ALE,	doz.	3		
Ashes pot,	lb.		6¼	
—— pearl,			8	
Anchors,			25	
Bacon, Kentucky,			12½	14
—— country,			12½	
Bottles,	groce	24		
Bread, crackers,	cwt.	7		
—— pilot,		5		
Butter,	lb.		15	18
Candles, mould, tallow,			25	
—— dipt,			20	
Castings assorted,	ton	120		125
Cheese,	lb.		12½	
Coffee,				40
Cotton,			35	
Cordage,			12½	15
Cider,	bbl.	2	50	3
Cloth, Steub. sup.	yard	8		11
—— do. com.		5	50	
—— Pitts. sup.		7	50	9
—— do. com.		4	50	
—— country,				
Clover seed	bush.	10		
Feathers,	lb.		62½	
Flax, clean,			12½	15
—— seed,	bush.		62½	
Flour, wheat, sup.	bbl.	6		
—— com.		5		
—— rye,	cwt.			
—— corn meal,		1	50	1 75
Fur, Beaver,	lb.	3		4
Glass, Pitt. 8 by 10	box	12		
man. 100 { 10 by 12		13		
sq. feet. { 12 by 14		14		
Grain, wheat,	bush	1		87½
—— rye			50	
—— barley,			75	
—— corn,			50	62½
—— oats,			33	37½
Glue,	lb.		25	30
Gunpowder,			45	
Iron, Juniata,	ton	200		210
—— Monongahela,		190		
—— hoop, large,		235		240
—— do. small,		250		
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.		20	
—— do. foreign,			22	
Lead, pig,			7	
—— bar,			9	
—— red,				
—— white, dry			19	
—— ground in oil,	cwt.	22		
Lumber, boards, pine,	100f.		75	1 75
—— do. oak,		1		2 50
Leather, soal, Spanish,			38	40
—— do. country,	lb.		31	34
—— upper,	side	3		3 50
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.		14½	19
—— wrought,			22	25
—— spikes				
Oil linseed,	gal.		87½	
—— fish	bbl.	40		
Pork,		20		
Porter, bottled,	doz.	3		
—— barrell,		9		
Plaster of Paris,	ton			
Pipes,	groce	5		
Paper, writing, No. 1,	ream	4	50	
—— do. 2,		4		
—— do. 3,		3	50	
—— printing demy,		3		
—— do. medium.		3	50	
—— do. royal,		4		
—— do. sup. royal,		4	50	
Peach, Brandy.	gal.		75	
Salt, Connemaugh,	bbl.	10		
—— Lake,				
—— Kenhawa,		9		
Segars, Spanish,	box	10		15
—— American,	1000	2	50	
Shot, all sizes,	lb.		11	
Skin, Deer,			16	
—— muskrat,	skin		22	25
—— racoon,			40	50
Steel, Crowley,	fag.	30		35
—— American,		23		25
—— German,	lb.		25	
—— blistered,	cwt.	17		
Soap, white,	lb.		15	
—— rosin,			15	
Sugar, N. Orleans.			18	20
—— country,			16	
—— loaf,			34	
—— lump,			32	
Spanish brown, dry,	cwt.	5		
Salt Petre, crude,			20	25
—— refined,			35	37½
Shingles, pine, joint,	1000			
—— oak, lap,				
Staves, hogshead,				
—— barrel,				
Tallow,			12½	15
Tobacco, Kentucky,			15	18
—— Pittsburgh			23	25
—— leaf,			7	8
Tin, in boxes,	box	23		25
—— block,	lb.		30	
Wool Merino, clean,			40	62½
—— fleece,				
—— half breed,				
—— quarter,				
—— common, clean,			30	37½
—— fleece,				
Wax, bees,			25	
Whiskey, rye.	gal.		45	

FRESH PROVISION MARKET.

Beef,	lb.	5½		8
Pork,		5½		8
Veal,		8		10
Mutton,		8		10
Turkeys,	piece	75	1	75
Ducks	pair	50		62½
Chickens,		37½		50
Butter,	lb.	25		28
Eggs,	doz.	18		25
Fish,	lb.	12½		18

A Card.

DOCTORS BRENOT & WARD respectfully tender their thanks to the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, for past favours, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

The number of small accounts which have been accumulating on their books for several years past, has became so great as to render a general and immediate settlement absolutely necessary. They therefore give notice that on the 15th February next, all their accounts of more than six months standing, will be left with a magistrate for collection.

Pittsburgh, January 12, 1819.

Stray Hogs.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber about the middle of July last, FIVE HEAD OF HOGS. Two of them has a crop off the left ear, the others have no marks perceptible. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

HENRY NOBLE

January 12, 1819.

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday, January 26, 1819

The long expected Report of the committee appointed to investigate the conduct and affairs of the Bank of the United States, has at length made its appearance, and we hesitate not to say that it unfolds a scene of intrepid corruption, never surpassed in any country, nor under any form of government. The Report is most voluminous, extending to the terrifying length of upwards of 12 columns of the city gazettes; yet in all this mass of fact, and of comment, not one solitary instance occurs of construction favourable to the managers of this institution; it is indeed a continued display of fraud,

Nulla virtute redemptum.

The only instance in the whole piece, in which the tone of the disgusting detail is at all changed, is in the concluding sentence, in which it is said that the officers of the Bank afforded every facility in their power in assisting the researches of the committee.

We cannot withhold from this committee our humble approbation for the bold, unsycophantic manner, in which they have performed the important duty assigned to them; they have indeed probed the sore to the bottom, and discovered the full extent of it; they have acted without fear or favour, and without respect to "attributes of qualities.' They have told the naked truth, although in doing it they have held up to unqualified contempt, the "President of the Bank," with some more of the directors.

What a document to go forth to the world! what a sanction will it not give to the insulting statements of European travellers, who say that every thing is of slow growth in America, but corruption! we anxiously hope, that laying every thing else aside, congress will quickly publish to the world an antidote against the effects of this exposure upon our national character. The committee evince great modesty in withholding their opinion on the question whether the acts of the Bank amount to a forfeiture of the charter, or whether the present is a case for the application of the writs, only, of *mandamus* or *quo warranto*; but from the unvaried spirit of the whole Report, it is unequivocally plain that they consider the charter as entirely forfeited, and as such we feel satisfied, will it be viewed by the House.

That there ought to be a monied institution established on the plan of the present *Bank*, we hold as a political position, entirely incontrovertible; but that the existing institution, with the odium arising out of the present disclosures of actual swindling, added to its former unpopularity, is not such a one as our government ought to be connected with, is equally undeniable. When its very infancy is characterized by every species of stockjobbing infamy, what have we not to expect from its meridian vigour?—What steps Congress may take in this dilemma it is hard to say; to resort to actual forfeiture might lead to much individual embarrassment, without passing some modifying act as to the recovery of debts; but under existing circumstances we consider Congress as perfectly competent to passing these acts, with as much latitude of liberality as may seem expedient; for it would be highly unjust to suffer the many worthy discounters who may have borrowed from the branches of the institution, to suffer from the sudden cessation of its operations, when this cessation has been produced by the vicious conduct of her directors. If the *mandamus* or *quo warranto* is preferred we trust that such a radical reform will be produced by them as to new model the whole establishment, and give it a more amiable if not a more virtuous character.

It is impossible to compress the report; almost every line contains a damning fact; in consequence of its late arrival we can only give an extract or two; but in perusing these extracts however, we beg the reader to recollect, painful as it must be to an American bosom, that the prime agent in these scenes, lately filled a high station in the American cabinet and was once the Chairman of a meeting that "pledged their lives and sacred honor!" Oh! Tempora.

EXTRACTS.

"But the loans actually made were most of them unreasonable and excessive in their amount; they were not made to the merchant and trader, but to a few persons consisting of directors, brokers, and speculators, and have been renewed and continued, almost invariably at the option of the borrrower. And when in July last, the board decided a curtailment of its discounts, it fell in almost all cases upon the business paper, while the immense amounts loaned on stock pledges were but little affected."

"But the discounts at those places on stock were very small, particularly when compared with Baltimore, where the loans were such and so long continued as to receive the animadversions of the parent board. An unwillingness to injure the private credit of those engaged in the above mentioned transactions, where no publick good is perceived to be probable from the disclosure, induces the committee to withhold the mention of their names."

"But in respect to the directors, the committee consider their conduct intimately connected with the general management of the concerns of the Bank; & under a sense of the duty devolved upon them, they state that many of the directors, as well as those appointed by the government as those elected by the stockholders. appear to have been the most forward and the most active in trafficking in stock. The mere purchasing shares with an intention to retain them, would not be improper, even in a director, if made without any view to intended future proceeding of the board of which he was a member: But the practice of purchasing at one time, when the stock was low, and selling at another, after its price had been enhanced by the measures adopted by the directors, is certainly unfair & censurable. It is the perversion of a public and honorable trust to the purposes of self aggrandizement, and places the directors in a situation where their own interests afford a strong temptation to the abuse of that trust. Still more reprehensible is the conduct of those directors who made contracts for the purchase of stock deliverable and payable, at a future period, at a low rate, and during the intermediate time by their own official acts, raised the price of the stock to its highest point."

"With respect to the public directors, considering them as public officers, responsible to the government, and subject to the constitutional power of this House, the committee deem it their duty to state, that the President, Wm. Jones, esq. & George Williams, esq. appear, from their own declarations, and from the testimony of a number of witnesses, to have been deeply concerned in those speculations. Mr. Jones appears to have purchased 1555 shares at a high rate, and to have sold a large part of them at a loss. He states, that in the summer of 1817 he purchased a contract of 1000 shares at 132 dollars per share, deliverable 2d January, 1818, and soon after another contract for 1000 shares, deliverable in November following at 135 dollars per share, both of which, he says, were sold at 150 dolls. per share, from which two contracts, it would appear, he realized 33,000 dollars. There is much ambiguity rests on these transactions, arising from the incompatible statements of Mr Jones, Mr. George Williams, Mr. D. A. Smith, and Mr. James W. M'Culloch."

The committee conclude by stating the charter to have been violated in four essential points. More in our next.

We have read with feelings of the highest admiration, the speech of Governor Clinton, to the legislature of New-York. It has the double charm of reflecting the greatest honour on the character of the executive, and of unfolding the enterprize and resources of the state in a striking manner. How seldom do we find in our American state papers such comprehensiveness of view, such wisdom of application, and such anxiety of patriotism in enforcing the evident interests of the country! the common cant about plentiful harvests, universal peace, and a little occasional slang by way of a sop, are beneath the conception of such a man as Clinton; he too properly appreciates the importance of the occasion when the representatives of the people meet for the public good, to descend to the puerilities of informing them of what they already know. He feels himself placed at the head of the interests of a great state, and he accordingly seems to devote the energies of his whole soul to them. He embraces in one view the borders of the lakes, and the shores of East river; seminaries of learning receive all the attention which may be expected from the mind of a polished scholar deeply versed in science and literature; and commerce and inland navigation are treated with all the pomp that is due to the two great pillars of the prosperity of New-York. Comparisons are odious, nor did we touch upon the subject of this display of the great statesman, for the purpose of drawing a parallel; but we would really be charmed if something of the manner of Mr. Clinton, could be infused into the executives of some of the other sister states.

Until reading this interesting paper, we confess we had no conception of the extent of the liberality which has distinguished the appropriations of that great state. We have always been impressed with feelings of great respect for her unremitted exertions in drawing into active operation the natural advantages of her territory; but really she has done much more than we had ever given her credit for, and our late scepticism on the subject of the final consummation of her Herculean plans begins to lose the hold it has hitherto kept in our minds. We had been in the habit of considering the great canal between the Hudson and the lakes, as an undertaking, notwithstanding all the resources of her government, and all the talents of her leaders, at least a century too premature. We could find no instance of similar conception and execution in Europe until within a late period, and we considered that what so powerful a monarch as Louis the XIVth, failed in performing, during the Augustan age of France, could hardly be atchieved by a new people, whom we have hitherto been too much in the habit of considering as mere agents for Philadelphia. If, however, Mr. Clinton be a practical man, as his speech seems to betoken, we will have to change our position; the more readily as from one fact which he states, incredulity herself would hardly be justifiable in withholding her credence. In less than two and an half years (he informs us) canals to the extent of one hundred and seventeen miles will be perfected; and as the eastern and western section of the canal from Erie to Hudson river will be about two hundred and sixty miles, it is evident, that by the application of similar means, and the exertion of similar powers, the whole of this internal navigation can be finished in six years from this period. But the circumstance that surprizes us the most is that the expense has not gone beyond the estimate of the commissioners! If this has been the case, in the outset of the works, when every thing was new, and when every thing was to be learned, what an immense saving and curtailment of expenditure may not be anticipated, in their future progress when their operations can be carried on by the light of experience, and when by experiment the plans and arrangements must be reduced to perfect system.

Admitting then, than in ten years this great work may be finished, what will likely be the operation of it on the trade of the west? It is to be understood, at the present time, that it is roundly asserted by commercial men among us, that merchandize can be procured on much better terms in New-York, than in any other city, and accordingly we find a considerable portion purchased there every year, and shipped round to Baltimore The natural consequence then of admitting the above supposition, will be, that the ware-houses which will be established for the reception of goods, will extend from the eastern end of lake Erie, to probably Michilimackinac and Green Bay; allow that the north eastern border of Ohio to be furnished with as much merchandize as will be sufficient for the supply of herself and Kentucky, surely it will require some very powerful temptation to induce the western merchant to go to Philadelphia through Pittsburgh; something very different, we apprehend. from what is to be found in the present state of our turnpike and river risk. As to a canal from the lake through Ohio to the river, it will be as natural a consequence of the completion of the New-York canal, as can be found in the whole concatination of cause and effect.

From these gloomy apprehensions, it must not be presumed that we have a taste for the dark side of the picture alone, far from it; we should be happy indeed if we could conscientiously present the prospective in all the gayest colours of hope and prosperity. But devotion to the interests of our native place prevents us from assisting in creating any delusion, which might tend to lull the energies of our citizens into a fatal slumber; we prefer keeping them sensittvely alive to the numerous dangers and attacks to which they are just now subjected; to do this we would even submit to the odium which fell upon the poor maniac who is reported by Josephus, to have employed himself for five years previous to the destruction of the city of the Jews, in walking round the walls exclaiming "woe to Jerusalem." Pennsylvania is proud and stiff-necked, and if she does not exert herself we candidly believe she will lose her superiority; as yet we have discovered no symptoms of reform, and as long as we hold our present station "we shall not cease to give our testimony" (as old Balfour says.) against such obstinacy.

On Thursday last the two beautiful Steam Boats "Tamerlane" and "Frankfort" built in this place, weighed anchor for the west. It gives us great pleasure in reflecting on the "internal evidence" they carry with them of the superiority of Pittsburgh construction; and we participate with the gentlemen composing the "Pittsburgh S. E. Company," in the satisfaction they must experience, in the anticipation that due credit will be given to their enterprizing industry, in every place, where these finished specimens of naval architecture may appear.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 11, 1819.

The subject of a canal, connecting the waters of the Lake, with those of Ohio, has at length been taken up in the house of representatives, and in a way best calculated to promote the design.—A resolution has passed that body, appointing a joint committee, to take into consideration the expediency of authorizing the Governor to procure one or more skilful engineers, to explore the most eligible route for the construction of such canal. It is believed this resolution will be concurred in by the senate. If this succeeds, the next legislature, will be enabled to judge of the practicability of effecting a work of such utility and grandeur: possessed of all the facts which may be presented in a full report of the commissioners (that may be appointed) they will discern what is the true interest of the state, whether to make an effort on the credit and funds of the state, to execute their design, or to incorporate a company with liberal power for the purpose.—It is believed the latter should be avoided, if possible.—The commerce of this and the adjoining states in which millions must be entrusted, at a period not long to come, should not be shackled by the impositions of a company, nor the price of commodities enhanced by the effects of monopoly.

The legislature of Kentucky have before them a bill to tax the United States Bank 60,000 dollars per year, for the purpose of expelling them from the state.—There is no doubt the bill will pass the lower house by a large majority.

From the Washington City Gazette, of January 15.

SOUTH AMERICA.—Yesterday, in the House of Representatives, Mr. Johnson, of Va. submitted a resolution, directing a call to be made on the executive for information relative to any application that may have been made to the government to accredit any minister or consul general from the provinces of South America. It has been reported that some communications have recently been made to the executive on this subjects; and we hope this resolution will bring forth the desired information. The only authorised agents, deputed to this country, from the independent governments of South America, at this time, are—

D. C. De Forrest, esq. from Buenos Ayres, and

Gen. Lino Clementi, from the Congress of Venezeuela.

They are both, at present, in this city.

In our paper of Tuesday, under the Indiana head, we noticed the appointment of Washington Johnson, as presiding judge of the first circuit of that state, in the place of Thomas H. Blake. It is proper for us to add, that the latter gentleman had disqualified himself from holding it, by being unfortunately engaged in a duel, contrary to the provisions of a law of that state. We have seen a letter from the first authority in the state, stating, "that he well discharged his duties as Judge, and was at the same time a very popular Judge, and has lost nothing in his standing by the unhappy affair."—*ib.*

From the letter of the Secretary of War, on the subject of the Cumberland turnpike, it appears that the repairs of this road from Cumberland to Union-Town, have been paid out of the appropriation for making the road, and have amounted since 1814 to 7636 dollars, & that said road has cost 9744 dollars per mile; the section between Washington and Wheeling has been contracted for at a higher rate. Four bridges over Wheeling creek are contracted for at 40,000 dollars.

MAIL ROBBERY.

The mail from Salem of Tuesday evening, the 5th inst. we learn, (says the Boston Centinel) is missing, and that it contained a letter addressed to the Cashier of the Branch Bank of the United States, here, covering checks on various banks to the amount of 7800 dollars. One of these for 150 dollars, was offered in payment at a shop in Cornhill, on Wednesday, by a person calling himself Moses Hidden, and stopped; and H. made off. The description of this fellow, we learn, agrees with the person of one Head, who on that evening came with the mail stage from Salem an assistant driver. The other letter sent from Salem by Wednesday's mail, and advertised as missing, we learn has since come to hand, having been delayed by some circumstances.

Boston Gaz.

WESTERN HOTEL.

Corner of Howard and Saratoga streets,

J. M. Cheesbrough,

Most respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the above large and commodious

Establishment,

And is now ready to receive and entertain all

TRAVELLERS,

WHO may favour him with their custom; at the same time flattering himself, that by his unremitting exertions and constant personal attention, to merit their encouragement. The situation of his House is healthy and pleasant, and will be found convenient for travellers *generally*, more especially for western merchants, from its vicinity to the *life of western trade.*

J. M. C. has taken great pains in the selection of his Liquors—has provided himself with excellent Servants, fine Stabling and good Ostlers; in short, with *every* thing in his line to make the traveller comfortable.

Baltimore, January 1819. 7t

Flannels, Worsted Hosiery etc.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Red, Yellow and White Flannels,

Women's Black & Coloured Worsted Hosiery;

Also, One Case White & Col'd Counterpanes,

Just received and For Sale by

M. S. MASON.

Pittsburgh, January 26, 1819.——3

DRAWING ANNOUNCED—OFFICIAL NOTICE.

Maryland State Lottery.

THE drawing of this Scheme will take place in the city of Baltimore on Wednesday, the 24th of next month (February) *and will be completed on the same day*, under the superintendence of *James Lloyd, Richard K. Heath & Richard Frisby*, Esquires Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Council, agreeably to the act of Assembly.

COHEN'S Office, Baltimore, Jan. 11.

The drawing of the Maryland State Lottery having been officially announced to take place on Wednesday the 24th of next month—and the number of Tickets on hand being reduced to very few, those not yet supplied should apply without delay to avoid postponement.

Only 1350 Tickets

IN THE WHOLE SCHEME.

THE CAPITAL PRIZES ARE

$20 000

10,000 DOLLARS	5,000 DOLLARS
5,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
5,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
5,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
5,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
5,000 Dollars	

20 of 1000 Dollars.

No Stationary Prizes—All being Floating.

THE WHOLE TO BE DRAWN IN ONE DAY.

☞ The Prizes all payable in CASH, subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. only.

PRESENT PRICE OF TICKETS AND SHARES.

Whole Tickets	$100	Eighths	$12 50
Halves	50	Tenths	10 00
Quarters	25	Sixteenths	6 25
Fifths	20	Twentieths	5 00

To be had in a variety of numbers, at

COHEN'S

Lottery & Exchange Office,

No. 110, MARKET STREET;

Where the Capitals of 50,000 and 20,000 dollars were sold in the last Lottery drawn in Baltimore, and where more Capital Prizes have been obtained than in any other Office in America.

Orders from any part of the Union, either for whole Tickets or Shares, will meet the most prompt attention, addressed to

J. J. COHEN Jr.

No. 110, *Market street, Baltimore.*

DISTANT ADVENTURERS

are informed, that in order to furnish them with information of the fate of their Tickets, the Managers' Official List of Prizes will be published immediately after the drawing, in the principal Newspapers. To give more immediate intelligence to adventurers in this section of the Union, the list of prizes will be published in the Pittsburgh Gazette.

January 26

Hat Manufactory.

THE firm lately trading under the name of M'KEE & TWEEDY, inform the public that they have taken JOHN GRAHAM into partnership, and will conduct business in future under the title of

M'Kee, Tweedy & Graham;

which firm having purchased out Mr. ROBERT PEEBLES, they will carry on the establishment at his old stand in the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, January 26.——tf

ROBERT PEEBLES informs his friends and the public that he has relinquished business in favor above firm.

Unchartered, Uncurrent,

AND TORN BANK-NOTES & TICKETS.

THE subscriber, anxious to do business without giving a general credit, will continue to receive in payment at a discount, almost every kind of Unchartered, Uncurrent, and Torn Bank Notes and Tickets for which he will always allow as fair a price as he can consistent with his own safety afford.

Persons who have (to them useless) paper on hand are invited to offer it.

☞ The stock of Goods on hand is very general, and affords a good selection.

Almost all kinds of Country Produce will be received in payment of merchandize.

ISAAC HARRIS.

West corner of the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, January 25.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of MATHEWS & BINGHAM is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled by Norris M. Matthews who is duly authorised to settle the same.

Norris M. Mathews,

Alexander Bingham.

Pittsburgh, January 26.

City Election.

AGREEABLY to a resolution of the Select Council of the city of Pittsburgh, NOTICE is hereby given that an election will be held at the court-house in said city, on Friday the 5th day of February next, to choose two members of the Select Council.—One to serve one year, to supply the place of Doctor George Stevenson; and one to serve two years in the room of Henry Baldwin, esq. whose seat has been declared to be vacant.

JOHN DARRAGH, *Mayor.*

Pittsburgh, January 26, 1819——3

Bees-Wax.

THE subscriber wants to purchase a quantity of *BEES-WAX*, for which he will pay CASH or DRUGS.

Having received a fresh supply of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, etc.

He offers them as usual to his friends and customers.

SAMUEL PETTIGREW,

Druggist, Market street, near Front

Pittsburgh, January 22. 6toaw

Blanks for sale here.

Just Received & For Sale,
BY
Joseph Hill & Co.

[illegible],
Market, between Fourth Street and the Diamond,

500 lbs roll Brimstone
1 ball Sarsaparilla Root
1 do Liquorice Root
1 do Senna Leaves,
1 do Orange Peel
1 do Pink Root
2 do Juniper Berries
2 bbls. Chamomile flowers.
1 bbl. English Epsom Salts.
Bbls. Glauber Salts.
Ditto powdered Barks
Ditto Cream Tartar
Ditto Cinamon
Ditto Gentian Root
400 lb English blue Vitriol
2 bbls Venetian Red
30 kegs ditto ground in oil
1 case Gum Copal
Bbls Spanish Brown
Bbls Spanish Whiting
Verdegris by the sack
Oil Vitriol by the carboy
Blue Strewing Smalts
Irish Glue
Rosin
Copal Varnish,
1 case Magnesia
1 case Manna
1 case Camphor
3 dozen Apothecary Scales
12 doz Spatulas, assorted
12 doz. English Mustard, in ½ lb bottles
Orris Root
Oat-meal
Opium
Calomel
Cantharides
Barley, Rhubarb
Jalap, Ginger
Windsor Soap
Wedgewood, Marble & Composition MORTERS
Phials—assorted
Allum
Copperass
Indigo
Gall's Logwood, etc.

WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs, Paints, Patent Medicine and Dye Stuffs.

1 which, will be sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL on the most accommodating terms.
Pittsburgh, July 24, 1818. 1awtf

Irwin & H. Wallace,
Have just received and offer For Sale
AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES,
100 bbls. Conemaugh Salt,
15,000 lbs. PIG LEAD,
20 Tons Juniata Iron,
FIFTY KEGS TROTTER'S GLAZED RIFLE POWDER,
1 Ton American Blistered Steel,
70 Barrels Fresh Flour.
—Window Glass—Scythes—Sickles—Bedcord Plough-lines—Rigging—Ropes—Snuff, &c.
Pittsburgh, May 5, 1818.

Armstrong & Ewing.
Wood, between First & Second streets.
Have For Sale,
And are as usual well supplied with
Groceries and Liquors,
OF THE BEST QUALITY.
Queensware,
BY THE CRATE—assorted
Also an Invoice of
HARDWARE:
Consisting of Mill and Cross-cut saws—Mouse-hole and common Anvils; Vices; patent Straw Knives; Drawing Knives; Frying-pans; Steel-yards; Curry-combs; Iron Candlesticks; trowels; &c. which will be disposed of on liberal terms.
ALSO
A quantity of first rate CLARET WINE, by the dozen.
Pittsburgh, September 18, 1818.

R. Bonnet and Rouaud,
Market, between Second and Third streets,
HAVE just received, and weekly receive a large assortment of
Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,
And a good supplement to their usual stock of
CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,
Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,
And a supplement to their usual assortment of
Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.
Pittsburgh, June 19. ———

Bond and Pinkerton,
Corner of Market and Third street, Pittsburgh, directly opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh,
Have just opened a large and general assortment of
Groceries, Liquors and QUEENSWARE,
Comprising every article in the Grocery line, and a very choice selection of the best,
WINES
AND OTHER LIQUORS.
They will be constantly supplied with the above articles of the best quality, which they are determined to sell Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest prices and most accommodating terms.
They invite the attention of country merchants, inn-keepers and families.
B. & P have for sale a few Kegs of
Fresh Oysters, English Cheese.
December 25, 1818.

Samuel Thomson
INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has taken into partnership his brother John Thomson. Their business will in future be transacted at the old stand in Market street, under the firm of
S. & J. THOMSON,
Who have just received a large and general assortment of
FRESH GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
EXTRA Super and Fine blue, black, brown mixed, drab and bottle-green CLOTHS.
Habit and Pelisse Cloths,
Milled and common Cassimeres,
Blue, black, mixed, drab and colored ditto
Bombazetts, Flannels, Baize, Blankets,
Worsted, silk and cotton Hose,
Ditto ditto ditto and beaver gloves,
Cords, velvets and Sattinetts,
Super undress'd and dress'd Prints,
6-4 & 4-4 Gingham,
6-4 & 4-4 colored cambric,
Cambric, jaconet, and muli muslins,
Book, Leno and figured do.
IRISH LINENS,
British and Steam Loom Shirting,
Long lawn and linen cambric,
Domestic stripe, plaid and shirting,
6-4 and 4-4 cotton check,
6-4 7-4 9-4 10-4 and 12-4 Irish table Linen
Scotch Plaids and Gingham Robes,
Linen and cotton ticking,
Swansdown, Marseilles and silk vesting,
Flag and company bandanna hkfs.
Black silk and Madrass ditto
Leventine, damask and Waterloo Shawls,
Fancy silk hhkfs.
Black Ostrich feathers,
Levantine, Florence and Senshaw silks,
Plain and corded silk velvet,
Thread, silk and cotton lace,
Web, net and Patent suspenders,
Gilt, plated and silk buttons,
Knives and forks, pen-knives and Razors,
Wilson's butcher and shoe knives,
Tutania and iron table and tea spoons,
Real shell and mock combs,
Young Hyson Tea and Chocolate,
Pepper, Allspice, Ginger Nutmegs,
Cinnamon and cloves,
BEST SPANISH SEGARS,
A general assortment of
SHOES,
Which they will sell on reasonable terms, for cash or approved notes.
☞ All those indebted to S. Thomson are requested to call and settle their accounts.—All debts not settled before the 1st of January 1819. will be left in proper hands for collection.
Pittsburgh, November 13, 1818.
N. B. As there is another house in Market street, trading under a firm of the same name, it will necessaty for those who correspond with *us*, o address their letters to us at No. 47 Market treet, as we have adopted that number in orderto prevent confusion at the Post-office.

M'Dermott & Bartram,
HAVE REMOVED
To the WAREHOUSE, *formerly occupied by* FOSTER & DOANE, *in Water street, betweeen Market and Ferry streets,*
WHERE THEY CARRY ON
Commission Business,
In the usual way.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 20. 1818. 3m2aw

I. DOANE,
Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Ironmongery,
CUTLERY &c.---Among which are
Mouse-hole Anvils, Vices, Saws,
Round Iron, Spikes, nails, steel, &c. &c.
ALSO,
Tar, mackerel, shad, herrings and rosin by the barrel.
Commission Business,
Attended to as usual.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 8, 1819---3t

Evansville
WAREHOUSE.
THE subscriber having completed a large and convenient WAREHOUSE in the town of Evansville, (Ind.) respectfully tenders his services to the public for the purpose of transacting *Commission Business*, on the most reasonable terms. Any goods consigned to his care where freight must be advanced, no commission will be charged on the money so advanced; and all consignments made to the subscriber will be strictly attended to.
HUGH M'GARY, Com. Mer.
December 4. 1818.———Jan8 3
P. S. This place is so well known to be the only place of deposit in the lower part of the state of Indiana, for goods intended for exportation, that I deem it unnecessary to give any detail on that subject.
H. M'G.

To Let,
And possession given the first of April.

A NEW TAVERN STAND situate in the village of East Liberty, five miles from Pittsburgh. The house is large & commodious, & will have by the first of April good stables and every convenience necessary. For particulars enquire of the subscriber near Thomas Chalfant's---Plumb township.
EPHRAIM JORDAN.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 8, 1819---3t

$25 Reward.
RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 4th of October last, JOHN SMITH, an apprentice to the Tin-plate working business, he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, fair complexion; took with him a new claret coloured coat, with gilt buttons, a pair of grey corded pantaloons, with sundry other clothing not recollected. I have had information of said Smith being in Louisville, Ken. I caution all persons from employing or harboring him, as the law will be rigidly enforced against them. The above reward will be given on his delivery to me in Pittsburgh, but no charges.
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.
January 1

MY BROTHER DRYDEN FORWARD, is connected with me in my professional business, and may be consulted in all cases.
WALTER FORWARD

Miller and Wilson,
At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,
HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON,	Pittsburgh & Kentuck Manufac. Tobacco,
Rolled ditto,	Spanish and country Sugars,
Nail and Deck Rods,	Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Crowley & Blister Steel,	Rosin soap and candles,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,	Powder, Shot and Lead,
Spinning-wheel Irons,	Earthen & Queensware,
Trace and Log chains,	Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Patent beams and Steel-yards,	Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,	Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,	Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Scythes and sickles,	Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,	Bed cords and Plough lines,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,	Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.
Carpenter's adze',	
Plough Irons,	
Cow-bells,	
Castings, assorted,	

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills,	Window glass,
Curry combs,	Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.———

C. Latshaw and Leech,
HAVE FOR SALE AT THEIR WAREHOUSE
Corner of Smithfield and Second streets,

SHOVELS & spades,	Anvils and Vices,
Amer. Man. sup. quality,	Calf and sheep skins.
Pig Lead,	Window Glass,
Tobacco,	Sickles,

Also, an assortment of
GROCERIES, *viz.*

Green coffee in barrels,	4th proof Jam. spirits
Lump sugar,	Cogniac Brandy,
Alspice,	Rice,
Pepper,	Chocolate,
Allum,	Raisins in boxes,
Almonds.	Cod Fish,
Spanish segars,	Corks.

Conemaugh Salt.
Ditto Refined for Table use.
JUST RECEIVED,
18 *Barrels New Orleans* Sugar.
Pittsburgh, July 17, 1818.

To Tanner's Distillers, & Farmers.
THE subscriber assignee of JARED OLD'S PATENT IRON MILL for Grinding Bark, Corn and Cobb, &c. for the States of Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, informs the public that they are made and kept for sale by Mr. George Sutton who is sole agent in Pittsburgh to sell Mills in those states, their utility in grinding bark is well known and established to be the best in use. To Distillers they answer a valuable purpose to shell corn and grind the cobb, and by distilling the cobb it is found to make a saving of about one fifth of this method.—To Farmers, to grind feed for cattle, the mill will crack nearly all the corn and grind the cobb quite fine— There are now a considerable number of those mills in use for that purpose, and are highly approved of—Distillers and Farmers in the above states are solicited to make trial of them.—I will warrant them to answer the purpose as described.
Orders for mills will be attended to by Mr George Sutton, where they can only be had in Pittsburgh, and will be by him forwarded.
For the information of the public I give this
NOTICE.
That all mills, sold in the above states by agent of Luther Gale, is an infringement on my right nor has there any of Gales's mills been sold or used in the western country for grinding bark to my knowledge. Jared Olds' improvement consists of an Iron hopper cast solid on the cylinder or tube and cogs or sharp pointed teeth placed in rows on the inside of the mill. I therefore forbid all persons from making, using or selling mills of the above description in Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, without authority from myself or Alvin Bates and our agents, as all persons found violating said patent, may rest assured that sooner or later they will pay us for our right, there is law and justice to recover it
DYER PEARL.
May 1, 1818.———1awtfcG.S.

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE subscribers trading under the firm of IRWIN & GEORGE, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved their Partnership. All persons indebted to, or having demands against the above firm will, as early as possible present their accounts to John Irwin for settlement.
JOHN IRWIN,
MATTHEW GEORGE.
Pittsburgh, October 15, 1818. tf
☞ The business will be carried on as usual at the corner of Liberty & 4th street, by
JOHN IRWIN.

Valuable Estate with Merchant Mills, for Sale.
THE subscriber offers for Sale FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, adjoining Noblestown, situated on Robinson's run in Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa. twelve miles from Pittsburgh, on which, there are improvements equal to any in the western country, consisting of a merchant Grist MILL, SAW-MILL and CARDING Machinery, all lately rebuilt anew and in complete order, about 200 acres cleared, and under good fence, of which a sufficient proportion is bottom and good meadow—a large orchard of choice fruit of different kinds. There are on different parts of the tract, two large, well finished and convenient square log houses, one of which has an additional building of stone, with two convenient rooms. There are stables, a barn and other out houses. This tract is well watered, and can all be cultivated. It is susceptible of division, and will be divided to suit purchasers. The Mills, one dwelling house with from fifty to two hundred acres can be laid off in one tract, and the balance will be sold altogether or divided to suit purchasers. For a farther description and terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or to John McDonald, esq. Pittsburgh.
HENRY NOBLE.
September 18, 1818.

BUTTER.
THE Subscribers will exchange Merchandize for merchantable BUTTER, in Kegs, at a fair price.
WM & JOHN HILL
Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 2awtf

Copartnership.
WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of
William Hill and Brothers,
who offer for sale on accomodating terms at their *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*
WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
MERCHANDIZE.
Pittsburgh January 1, 1819.——— tf

A NAIL CUTTER
WANTED.
A MAN of steady, sober habits will meet with constant employment and liberal wages. Enqire of
MILLER & WILSON,
Pittsburgh November 24, 1818.

Wm. Hill and Brothers.
WILL PURCHASE AT FAIR PRICES,
FLOUR, WHISKEY, PORK,
Vinegar,
Peas & Beans,
Tallow,
Hog-lard
Pittsburgh, January 8, 1819.——2awtf

Eichbaum & Johnston,
BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS
Second, between Market & Wood streets.
HAVE JUST PUBLISHED
THE
WESTERN CALCULATOR,
OR A
NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM
OF PRACTICAL
ARITHMETIC
CONTAINING THE
ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,
IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.
ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED
in a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.
IN EIGHT PARTS.
BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.
September 1, 1818 tf

Writing School.
G. & B. FLY respectfully inform the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity that they have opened a WRITING SCHOOL, at the corner of Market street and Diamond Alley, where the art is systematically taught with great success. Parents who feel interested in the education of their children and others who are anxious of becoming acquainted with this useful art are invited to call at their School room, and examine specimens of improvement which pupils have made in this place—likewise specimens written by the professors.
They are happy of having this opportunity for expressing their cordial thanks to those who have already had the liberality to patronize them in their laudable undertakings; are confident, that there are none who are not perfectly satisfied with the progress which their children have made. They are again invited to cherish an art of such utility.
Pittsburgh, Dec. 15th, 1818.

20 Gallons first Quality Copal Varnish,
700 LBS. ALLUM
MADDER,
Just received and For Sale by
JOSEPH HILL, & Co.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Market street, between Fourth street and the Diamond.
Pittsburgh, November 10.

The most VALUABLE PROPERTY on the West side of the Mountains offered
FOR SALE.
Plumpsock Iron Works.
WITH about 350 acres of land belonging thereto, will be offered for sale by public vendue, if not previously sold at private sale, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, at the Court House, in the the borough of Uniontown. This establishment consists of a forge, rolling mill, grist and saw mills. Also, a large brick dwelling house, furnished in a handsome style, with many other dwellings for the accommodation of workmen, and extensive stabling. It is situate in Fayette county, state of Pennsylvania, in the midst of a highly cultivated country on the state road, nine miles east of Brownsville, on the Monongahela river, and the like distance of Connellsville on the Youghiogheny river, five miles northwest of Uniontown, and thirty nine from the city of Pittsburgh. Bar iron is made in this forge by rolling instead of hammering, of a superior quality. Stone coal is the only fuel used in making it, an inexhaustible pit of which is within one hundred yards of the forge. Three men with a horse and cart are sufficient to raise, coke and haul to the forge all the coal necessary for keeping the works in full operation. They are in good order, the machinery almost new. This property is perhaps the most valuable of its kind in the United States, and by suitable attention, it is believed, may be made the most profitable in its operations.
There will be sold also, at the same time and place, the following
HOUSES AND LOTS,
situate in the borough of Union, to wit:
1. The corner house and lot of ground situate on the north side of Elbow street, immediately east of the Court House, No. 20, being the most eligible as well as the most valuable lot of ground in town.
2. That large House and lot of ground No. 3, and part of the adjoining lot, on the west or the north side of Elbow street, in the occupancy of Cuthbert Wiggins as a tavern stand, fronting on said street about one hundred and thirteen feet.
To be sold by
ISAAC MEASON, and
DAN'L. ROGERS,
Ex'rs of Isaac Meason, Esq. dec'd.
May 26th 1818.

Doctor Van-sweitan's
CELEBRATED
Anti-Bilious Pills,
OF a quality superior to any thing of the kinds ever offered as a General Medicine in this country, now faithfully prepared from a Recipe of the justly celebrated Doctor Van-Sweitan, who, from a long residence in the West India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete methods of curing the Bilious diseases of the warm climates.
THIS extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to Mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of Bile is without example, never producing debility or injuring the health in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female. The Bilious Headache so much complained of in this country and in the neighborhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which to a strong man is only five pills and to a weakly woman three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the Cholic, by causing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.
In Phthisical cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few pills, one taken every hour, with Fennel or Peppermint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.
The Dysentery, Croup and Summer complaint of children, are soon relieved by a few doses—a single pill to a child of five years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age. A single pill taken every four hours with a cup of Flax-seed tea, will cure the pleurisy, promote expectoration and relieve Coughs and colds
Two or three pills taken an hour before dinner and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from Flatulence and Indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.
In Consumptive cases and diseases of the liver, no medicine ever yet discovered has been known to perform such cures—two pills taken every third morning will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails, in which case the dose must be increased according to the strength or constitution.
Two pills taken at bed-time, with a cup of Pennyroyal tea, and repeated every second night will effectually remove Rheumatic pains wherever situated.
A supply of the above Pills For Sale by
JOSEPH HILL & CO.
Druggists, Market street, Pittsburgh.
ober 30, 1818.*tf*

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.
Ormsby and Doane,
HAVE or sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs* of all *sizes*, from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices, with the addition of carriage and charges.
Orders for Tacks and Sprigs received and attended to.
Pittsburgh, October 22. tf

Allen & Grant

Will RENT from the first of January next, the NEW BRICK
Warehouse,
adjoining the one they occupy
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1818.

Ground Ginger.
ORMSBY & DOANE
Have For Sale 50 Kegs GROUND GINGER of a superior quality, lower than can be purchased in this market, and they will keep a constant supply on hand
Pittsburgh, October 16, 1818.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, BY
Abraham Small,
PHILADELPHIA,
And for sale by JOHN G. O'BRIEN,
PITTSBURGH;
THE GENTLEMAN'S
Pocket Remembrancer,
FOR 1819.
CONTAINING—An Almanack.
Ruled Pages for memorandums, for every day throughout the year,
Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize, Tares, Drawbacks, Drafts, and Allowances together with the late Navigation Act.
Officers of the Customs, Naval officers and Public Appraisers.
Information concerning Patents.
The Post Office Establishment.
An Official Army List.
Divisions, Department, Pay and Subsistence of the Army.
Naval Register complete—Navy Agents and Navy Yards, and Registers of the Vessels of the Navy Marine Corps.
Civil Department of the United States, Executive, Judiciary, Territorial,
Distrtict Land Offices.
Intercourse with Foreign Nations, Ministers, Consuls, &c. to and from every nation with which we have Commercial Relations.
The Directors and Cashiers of the United States Bank and all its Branches.
(*Copy Right Secured.*)

ALSO,
THE AMERICAN
Ladies Pocket Book,
FOR 1819.
Ornamented with a beautiful Frontispiece, containing an elegant group of Females, in the most fashionable dresses of the year. Also, an engraved title, with a Lady in a fashionable walking dress.
Common Notes, Eclipses, and Almanack.
Ruled pages for Memorandums, and accounts for every day in the year.
Description of Pitcairn's Island.
Letter of Bishop Watson on the Recognition of Friends in a Future State.
Essay on Female Dress, on Geography, on Marriage, on the Morality of the Battledore.
Interesting Account of the Cherokee Schools.
Selected Poetry
Answers to last year's Enigmas, Charades, Rebusses, &c. a large Collection of new ones for the present year.
New Country Dances and Waltzes.
Celebrated Songs, Marketing Table, &c. &c.
October 28---Law6t